

## Clinical Challenges

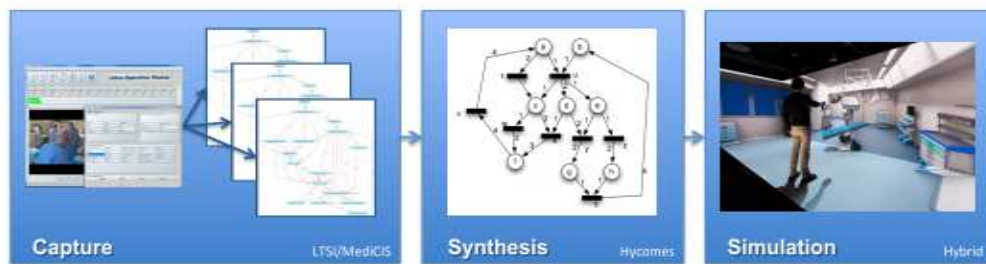
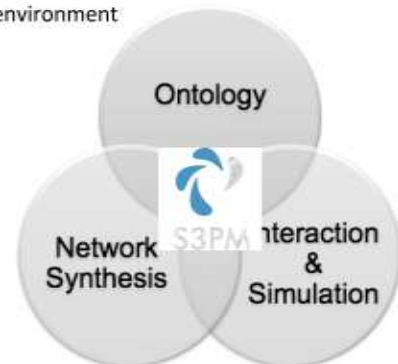
- 6-8 millions of surgical procedures /y in France
- 30 000-45 000 avoidable serious adverse events occurring during peri-operative stage
- Errors related to non technical skills issues
- Need for better surgical training and evaluation with medical simulators (1,2)
  - « Never the first time on a patient »
- Application focus: Scrub nurses in neurosurgery
  - "Giving the right instrument at the right time"
  - Access to rare and realistic surgical scenarios

## Solution

- Non-organic Virtual Reality training system for procedural knowledge acquisition and assessment (3)
- With scenarios generated from observations
- Based on Surgical Process Modeling (4)

## Methodological Challenges

- Surgical ontology based on a foundational ontology
- Computation and synthesis of realistic, multi-actor and multi-level surgical scenarios
- Collaborative and immersive virtual environment



## Simulation

## Capture of Surgical Processes

From observations and interviews with scrub nurses, we defined an ontology **OntoSPM** (5).



OntoSPM ontology

**OntoSPM** serves as a language for describing individual procedures



Observer-based SPM acquisition in the OR

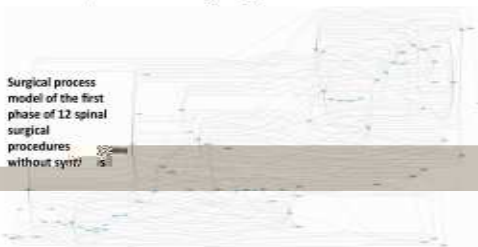
## Synthesis of Surgical Process Models

Process models :

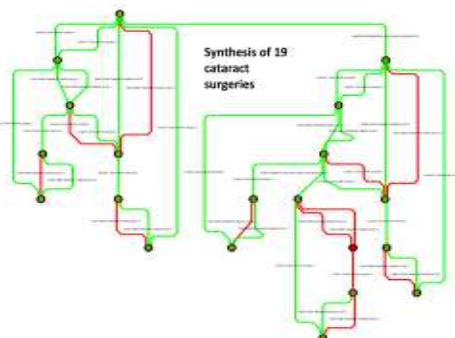
- Automatic inference from a set of surgical procedure recordings
- Concise representation of concurrency, causality and conflict relations between actions
- Expected to work from a small set of recordings
- Process models expected to generalize recorded procedures - allows unrecorded but meaningful scenarios.

Petri net synthesis:

- Test and Flip nets (T&FN)
- Well suited to model surgical procedures.
- Region-based Petri net synthesis algorithms (6) tailored to T&FN (7)
- Uses linear algebra in the Boolean ring
- Allows inference of generic surgical process models, with meaningful generalization



Surgical process model of the first phase of 12 spinal procedures without syntax



Synthesis of 19 cataract surgeries

#SEVEN: scenario engine (8) offers

- Collaboration between multiple users and virtual humans
- Interaction with the virtual environment
- Multiple guidance level
- Extensible to be compatible with any virtual environment framework

Realization of a first prototype running on the Immersia platform



Blueprint and picture of the OR R3 at the neurosurgery department Pontchaillou University Hospital

S3PM virtual operating room in the Immersia platform



## Next Steps

- Data acquisition of opening phase of brain tumor surgery
- Ontology v. 1.0
- Extension of T&FN synthesis to support: (i) multi-actor decomposition and (ii) hierarchical models, with several granularity levels.
- Visualisation/interaction/validation of models
- 3D models of instruments and actors and corresponding behaviors
- Implementation of clinical scenarios
- Tests with scrub nurses